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Commission on behalf of the utility-consuming public are entitled to appropriate compensation. Public Utilities Code section 1806 directs in pertinent part that "[t]he computation of compensation awarded pursuant to Section 1804 shall take into consideration the market rates paid to persons of comparable training and experience who offer similar services."

- 3. Without notice to plaintiffs nor consideration of the market rate of plaintiff Stephan C. Volker, a licensed attorney, the Commission has determined that the prior rates paid to intervenors' advocates and experts shall be fixed as their "market rates" and thereafter be frozen at those prior levels (subject to periodic cost-of-living increases at the Commission's discretion). Neither plaintiff CARE, nor CARE's lead counsel in many Commission proceedings, plaintiff Stephan C. Volker, was given notice of the Commission's informal and only selectively noticed intervenor rate-freezing proceedings. Thus, CARE was never offered an opportunity to explain to the Commission before it made this determination that the rate previously awarded Mr. Volker was a discounted public interest rate *not based on his market value*. Consequently, Mr. Volker was and has been locked into a low, *below*-market rate, despite his entitlement to "market rates" under the Public Utilities Code.
- 4. The Commission's lack of notice to plaintiffs prior to its determination of Mr. Volker's rate therefore violated Mr. Volker's and CARE's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and article I, section 7 of the California Constitution. CARE thus seeks both a prospective and a retroactive adjustment to the Commission's determination of Mr. Volker's rate that takes into consideration his true market rate, as required by the Public Utilities Code, and a recalculation of his attorney fee awards that have been handed down by the Commission since its erroneous rate freeze determination. CARE also seeks a declaration that Mr. Volker's hourly rate in future Commission proceedings should be based on his market rate and not on the below-market rate previous assigned to him by the Commission in its intervenor rate-setting proceeding.

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II. **JURISDICTION**

5. This case is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1985, the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over plaintiffs' state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 and 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

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III. **VENUE**

6. Venue in this Court is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because defendant resides, and plaintiffs' claims arose, in this judicial district.

IV. **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

7. Plaintiffs request a jury trial on their claims.

V. **PARTIES**

- 8. Plaintiff CARE, at all times mentioned in this petition, has been and now is a non-profit public benefit corporation organized under the laws of California in 1999 for the purpose of educating the public about, and encouraging public agencies to consider, alternative forms of renewable energy as a means of avoiding (1) dependence on declining supplies of fossil fuels and (2) the harmful air emissions their use occasions. CARE and its members are beneficially interested in securing this Court's review of the Commission's decisions so that its counsel will be fairly compensated for his work done on CARE's behalf in the Commission. CARE also seeks review of the Commission's compensation decisions to ensure that it can procure adequate counsel in future proceedings. CARE seeks to eliminate the risk that counsel for public-interest, non-profit organizations may not, in the future, be able to participate in important Commission decisionmaking processes due to the Commission's unnoticed and erroneous determination of intervenors' hourly rate compensation.
- 9. Plaintiff Stephan C. Volker is a public interest environmental lawyer with a small private practice in Oakland, California. Mr. Volker's firm brings lawsuits and participates in administrative agency proceedings to enforce environmental laws, typically on behalf of conservation organizations and citizens' groups. Mr. Volker has

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practiced environmental law since 1974. Mr. Volker represented CARE in the proceedings in question before the defendant Public Utilities Commission.

10. Defendant California Public Utilities Commission is a special-purpose public agency established and operating independently from the State of California, vested with authority to regulate public utilities pursuant to article XII, section 5 of the California Constitution and California Public Utilities Code section 701. The Commission does not perform central governmental functions, and its rulings are not subject to control by the state government.

VI. STATEMENT OF THE CASE

- 11. As alleged above, the California Public Utilities Code provides a procedure by which intervenors who make a substantial contribution to a Commission decision may claim compensation. Public Utilities Code section 1806 directs in pertinent part that "[t]he computation of compensation awarded pursuant to [the Public Utilities Code] shall take into consideration the market rates paid to persons of comparable training and experience who offer similar services."
- 12. On August 19, 2004, the Commission issued Decision 04-08-046 in which it granted a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to Pacific Gas & Electric Company ("PG&E") to construct the Jefferson-Martin("J-M") transmission line to provide an alternative source of electricity to San Francisco, thereby eliminating its dependence on the highly-polluting, fossil-fuel powered Hunter's Point Power Plant that had been contaminating poor communities of color near the plant. CARE had intervened in that proceeding on behalf of its members residing in the Hunter's Point community and advocated successfully in favor of the Commission's approval of the J-M line. On October 7, 2004, CARE timely filed a Request for Award of Compensation and supporting declarations based on its substantial contribution to the resolution of that case. Along with its application for fees, CARE submitted documentation demonstrating that Mr. Volker's market rates were at least \$400 per hour at that time.

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- 13. On April 13, 2006, the Commission issued D.06-04-018, granting intervenor compensation to CARE for substantial contributions to Decision 04-08-046. However, instead of awarding Mr. Volker his market rate, the Commission reduced the hourly rate for Mr. Volker from the requested \$400 to \$270, citing for support prior Commission decisions ALJ-184 and D.05-11-031. In those decisions, the Commission had, without notice to Mr. Volker, fixed his rate based on a below-market rate previously awarded Mr. Volker after he had agreed to represent the Sierra Club, a public benefit charitable organization, at a reduced rate in a previous proceeding.
- 14. On April 17, 2006, CARE timely filed a petition for modification of D.06-04-018, requesting that Mr. Volker's fee be modified to conform to his market rate. Citing Public Utilities Code section 1806, CARE submitted further documentation attesting to Mr. Volker's qualifications and experience and demonstrating that his hourly rate at that time was at least \$400. On June 15, 2006, the Commission issued D.06-06-025, denying CARE's petition for modification of D.06-04-018. On July 13, 2006, CARE timely filed a petition for rehearing of D.06-06-025, again requesting that Mr. Volker's fee be modified to reflect his current market rate. On October 5, 2006, the Commission issued D.06-10-023, denying CARE's petition for rehearing of D.06-04-018.
- 15. The Commission's stated reason for reducing Mr. Volker's hourly rate to \$270 was that it had awarded Mr. Volker an hourly rate of \$250 several years previously in a different proceeding in which Mr. Volker represented the Sierra Club. The basis of that previous hourly rate, however, was not that Mr. Volker's market rate was then \$250. Rather, the basis was that Mr. Volker's client in that matter, the Sierra Club, had, on April 4, 2000 and prior to its retention of Mr. Volker, filed a Notice of Intent to Claim Compensation ("NOI") which capped its future counsel's hourly rate at \$250. Therefore, notwithstanding that Mr. Volker's actual market rate in 2000 already exceeded \$300, the Sierra Club only sought compensation at the rate stated in its NOI - \$250.

16. In its calculation of Mr. Volker's rate, the Commission cited resolution ALJ-184 and D.05-11-031. Specifically, the Commission stated in attempted justification of its decision to freeze Mr. Volker's hourly rate at the prior, below-market rate:

In Resolution ALJ-184, we set forth guidelines and principles for setting intervenors' hourly rates for work performed in 2004. In D.05-11-031, we set forth guidelines and principles for setting 2005 rates, and found that rates previously adopted in 2003 and 2004 are reasonable. Resolution ALJ-184 deems an increase of 8% above previously adopted 2003 rates as reasonable for work performed in 2004. We previously adopted a rate of \$250 for Volker for work performed in 2000-2003. Increasing Volker's 2003 rate by 8% results in the \$270 rate adopted in D.06-04-018 for his 2004 work.

Plaintiffs bring this action to secure a judicial declaration that the Commission's arbitrary basis for determining Mr. Volker's rate, as delineated in ALJ-184 and D.05-11-031, is unconstitutional because it deprived plaintiffs of the fair market value of Mr. Volker's services without due process of law.

- 17. Prior to conducting the intervenor rate-setting proceedings that resulted in ALJ-184 and D.05-11-031, the Commission never gave notice to CARE, to Mr. Volker, or to many of the other intervenors' advocates or experts whose rates would be forever frozen (subject to cost-of-living adjustments) by the Commission's decision. Neither CARE nor Mr. Volker received notice by any means of the proceedings leading up to ALJ-184 and D.05-11-031.
- 18. ALJ-184 was not the product of a properly-noticed proceeding in which all affected parties had an opportunity to participate and thereby be heard. According to ALJ-184, the administrative law judge in charge of the proceeding "wrote to over 40 regular participants in our proceedings, including frequent intervenors and utilities from the various regulated industries [and] invited comments and suggestions to begin development of this annual process." *Id.* at 1, emphasis added. Only nine parties submitted comments. Neither CARE nor Mr. Volker was among those surveyed. Neither had actual notice of the survey. Although the Commission thus provided notice to and solicited comments from Commission *insiders*, it failed to warn other

practitioners such as Mr. Volker that their future intervenor rates would be fixed indefinitely by the proceeding.

- 19. Decision 05-11-031 resulted from a rulemaking instituted by the PUC. Neither CARE nor Mr. Volker received notice by mail, fax or email of this proceeding. Nor did they have actual notice of this rulemaking. Only four regulated utilities and four frequent intervenors participated in this proceeding.
- 20. Thus, Mr. Volker, along with any other advocate or expert not on the Commission's selective, insider mailing list for the ALJ-184 and D.05-11-031 proceedings, was denied notice of those proceedings even though they converted *all* of the 2003 rates market and non-market alike into "reasonable market rates" to be applied to all future fee awards. Consequently, the Commission denied many potential intervenors their right to notice of the Commission's rate-freezing proceeding, despite the fact that the Commission's decision would have far-reaching impacts on the ability of intervenors, such as CARE, to procure counsel and expert advice for assistance and representation in the future. The Commission therefore failed to comply with the procedural due process guarantees of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and article I, section 7 of the California Constitution when it approved ALJ-184 and D.05-11-031 and subsequently limited Mr. Volker's future compensation awards significantly below the market rate to which he was entitled without giving him notice and an opportunity to be heard to correct this error.
- 21. Since ALJ-184 and D.05-11-031, the Commission has continued to assign Mr. Volker rates in the \$250-290 range even after cost-of-living adjustments despite CARE's and Mr. Volker's documentation in each request for compensation of the fact that Mr. Volker's market rate was between \$400 and \$650 per hour. Exacerbating its initial denial of plaintiffs' due process rights, the Commission has continued to deprive plaintiffs of their statutory right to have Mr. Volker's fees determined in light of "the market rates paid to persons of comparable training and

section 1806. Plaintiffs ask this Court to rectify this wrong.

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VII. FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF FOR DENIAL OF DUE PROCESS RIGHTS SECURED BY THE FIFTH AND

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RIGHTS ACT OF 1964 (Against Defendant California Public Utilities Commission) 42 U.S.C.A. 1983

experience who offer similar services," as required by California Public Utilities Code

FOURTEENTH AMENDMENTS OF THE U.S. CONSTITUTION AND THE CIVIL

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22. The paragraphs set forth above are realleged and incorporated herein by this reference.

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23. In freezing CARE's lead counsel's assigned hourly rate at a lower, belowmarket rate, without giving plaintiffs notice and an opportunity to be heard to correct this error, the Commission violated plaintiffs' due process rights. CARE and Mr. Volker have been and will continue to adversely affected by the Commission's arbitrary and unfair decision. CARE has a right to receive compensation for its advocates, and Mr. Volker has a right to be compensated for his legal services, in the manner prescribed by the California Public Utilities Code, which states that "[t]he computation of compensation awarded pursuant to Section 1804 shall take into consideration the market

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rates paid to persons of comparable training and experience who offer similar services."

The Commission's continuing actions to circumvent plaintiffs' entitlement

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Cal. Pub. Util. Code § 1806.

persons such as CARE, of property.

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VIII. SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

to market-based fees, based on a miscalculation of those fees without notice to CARE or

Mr. Volker, violate the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments' guarantee that due process be

provided before a state may deprive a person such as Mr. Volker, or an organization of

FOR DENIAL OF DUE PROCESS RIGHTS SECURED BY ARTICLE I, SECTION 7 OF THE CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION AND THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964. (Against Defendant California Public Utilities Commission) 42 U.S.C.A. § 1983

25. The paragraphs set forth above are realleged and incorporated herein by this reference.

26. The Commission's continuing actions to circumvent plaintiffs' entitlement to market-based fees, based on a miscalculation of those fees without notice to CARE or Mr. Volker, violates the prohibition in article I, section 7 of the California Constitution that a person such as Mr. Volker, or an organization of persons such as CARE, may not be deprived of property without due process of law.

IX. RELIEF REQUESTED

WHEREFORE plaintiffs demand judgment against defendants as follows:

A. Legal Relief:

- Compensatory damages in an amount this Court and jury deem just and proper to compensate plaintiffs for the injuries they have suffered as a result of defendant's wrongful conduct.
- 2. Litigation costs and attorneys' fees.

B. Equitable and Declaratory Relief:

- A declaration that Mr. Volker's prior non-market rates that have been assigned to him in the proceedings subsequent to ALJ-184 and D.05-11-031 are invalid.
- An injunction restraining defendant from using those prior nonmarket rates when assigning a rate to Mr. Volker in the future.

C. Other Relief:

1. Such other and further relief as may appear appropriate and just.

DATED: April 14, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

LAW OFFICES OF STEPHAN C. VOLKER

BRIDGET A. ROBERTS
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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